



Refugees at the Nadapal border point awaiting transportation. © IOM 2015 (Photo: IOM Kenya)

OVERVIEW

1.5 million people are currently displaced throughout the country, with over 522,000 people having fled to neighbouring Kenya, Uganda, Ethiopia and Sudan. Over 134,000 IDPs are sheltering within UNMISS PoC sites across the country, predominantly in Bentiu, Malakal and the three Juba PoC sites. Some 2.5 million people are now facing severe levels of food insecurity.

Since the beginning of the conflict, 522,812 South Sudanese refugees have crossed into Ethiopia (199,649), Uganda (146,251), Sudan (131,226) and Kenya (45,686) (Source: UNHCR, 16 April 2015).

IOM RESPONSE

TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE

ETHIOPIA: Since the beginning of the crisis, IOM has provided transportation assistance to a total of 190,058* Refugees. **revised/adjusted figures from last reporting period based on retroactive database consolidation.*

As the rainy season approaches, a plan is underway to relocate refugees from the flood prone Nip Nip and Leitchuor Refugee Camps to newly established Jewii Refugee Camp. There are approximately 48,000 refugees in Leitchuor that require relocation assistance. The relocation is expected to begin on 28 April, once the ongoing construction of a hangar that would facilitate the relocation is completed.

KENYA: During this reporting period, IOM transported 61

HIGHLIGHTS

South Sudan: Health promotion sessions were successfully held in Bentiu focusing on personal hygiene and hand washing.

Kenya: During this reporting period, IOM provided transportation assistance to 61 refugees.

Ethiopia: Since the onset of the crisis IOM has provided transportation assistance to 190,058 refugees .

refugees from the Nadapal border point to Kakuma Refugee Camp. Since the onset of the crisis, IOM has provided transportation assistance to a total of 24,087 refugees.

SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

SOUTH SUDAN: To date, 6,423 Metric Tonnes of cargo has been transported, of which IOM has transported 93% through the Shelter-NFI Cluster. Delivery of 500 Malakal family tents to Bor and the delivery of NFIs to Akobo was completed during the reporting period. Delivery of NFIs for prepositioning in Bentiu and Rumbek has started.

Since the beginning of the crisis, over 67,474 households have been supported with NFIs, and 2,480 households with shelter materials, in 44 distributions across the country. Furthermore, the shelter and NFI team has participated in 36 assessments/rapid monitoring exercises.

ETHIOPIA: Shelter constructions are ongoing to assist some 24,000 refugees (or 4,000 households) at the Kule Refugee Camp in Gambella. 650 Shelters have already been completed and are currently occupied. Construction is ongoing for 1,811 others.

CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT (CCCM)

SOUTH SUDAN: Site extension in Bentiu PoC is on going; site clearing is 79% completed and external bern construction is 76% completed. Internal drainage and backfilling is on going. Additionally, primary roads, secondary roads and access roads are undergoing construction.

WATER SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

SOUTH SUDAN: All sectors in the new PoC in Malakal are receiving clean treated water through the network supply system. Given the increased arrival of IDPs, during this reporting period, the water supply was on average of 11.9 litres/person/day. Furthermore, the Humanitarian Hub received 169,500 litres between 16 and 22 April.

In Bentiu, IOM is constructing two temporary water points to enhance the capacity of water storage until the process of drilling two boreholes by UNICEF is completed. During this reporting period, hygiene promotion sessions were held at the Early Child Development School and Liberty School which focused on personal hygiene and hand washing. Of these sessions, 280 children from Liberty School and 87 from Early Child Development School benefitted.

HEALTH

SOUTH SUDAN: In Malakal, IOM provided 884 consultation services to IDPs who attended the IOM Malakal health clinic. The services included oral polio vaccinations for 390 children, and 32 pregnant women received anti-tetanus vaccinations. Twelve sessions on health promotion targeted

916 beneficiaries at the clinic and 2,553 IDPs were reached in 826 households. In the Reproductive Health Unit, 68 pregnant women attended antenatal services, five IDP women attended postnatal services and five babies were delivered at the IOM Reproductive Health clinic.

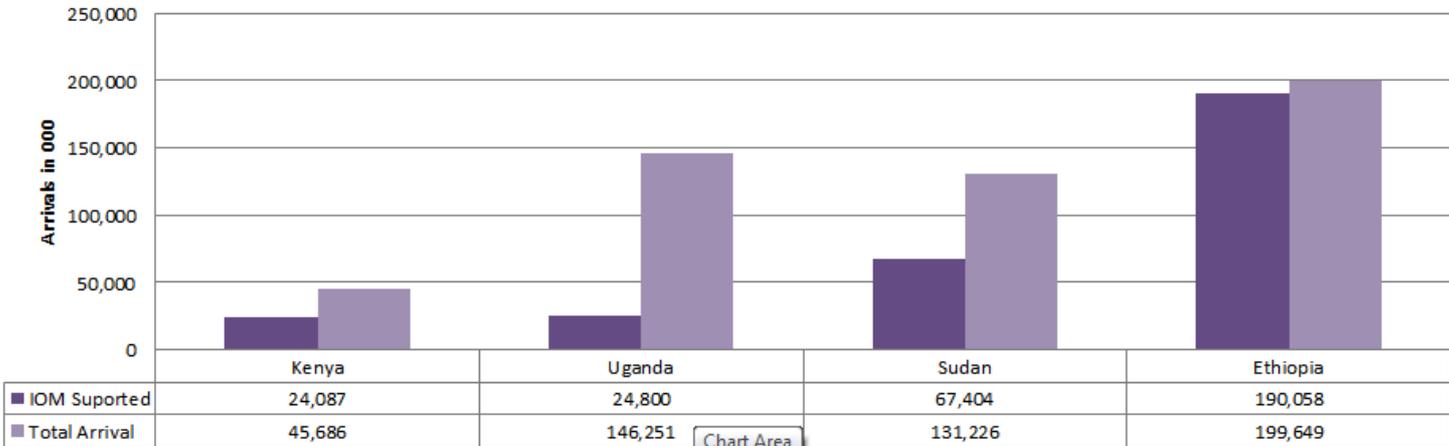
In Bentiu’s Reproductive Health Unit, 73 IDP women attended antenatal services, 13 received postnatal services, and 12 babies were delivered.

Under the CERF grant, a feasibility assessment report outlining the possibility of IOM initiating TB and HIV programming in the Bentiu PoC was completed. The report outlines what partners are currently doing, unmet gaps in services and how to mitigate the inherent risks of starting a TB/ HIV programme in an emergency setting. Furthermore, the report outlines recommendations for the way forward, which include the initiation of TB diagnostic and treatment services inside the Bentiu PoC as well as expansion of the criteria for the delivery of HIV services beyond pregnant mothers enrolled in Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV (PMTCT) activities.

The table below shows areas and services provided by the Reproductive Health Unit, during this reporting period.

| Services provided by the Reproductive Health Unit | Malakal | Bentiu |
|---|---------|--------|
| Ante-natal services | 68 | 73 |
| Post- natal services | 5 | 13 |
| Baby deliveries | 5 | 12 |

IOM Supported Refugees Against Total Arrivals as of 22 April 2015



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